Description:

The Industrial Commission was established to impartially and efficiently administer the Idaho Workers' Compensation Law in a manner that encourages a safe work environment, prompt, accurate benefit payments, timely dispute resolution, and quality vocational rehabilitation services at a reasonable cost to employers. The overall responsibilities performed by the Compensation Division include evaluating insurance carriers wishing to write workers' compensation insurance and employers wishing to become self-insured; ensuring adequate securities are on deposit with the State Treasurer to cover outstanding awards; enforcing the coverage requirements of the Workers' Compensation Law; monitoring benefit payments to assure they are provided promptly and accurately; assisting parties to workers' compensation claims by supplying accurate information and facilitating the informal resolution of disputes.

Major Functions and Targeted Performance Standard(s) for Each Function:

- 1. Employer Compliance: Enforce coverage requirements of Workers' Compensation Law.
 - A. First contact (letter) with employers identified as out of compliance made within an average of 14 days.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
not tracked	14 days	14 days	14 days
·	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
14 days	14 days	14 days	14 days

B. Employers refusing to obtain the required insurance referred to deputy Attorney General within 14 days of notification of pending legal action.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
12 days	12 days	7 days	14 days
	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
14 days	14 days	14 days	14 days

C. Personal contact made with the employer by a Compliance Investigator within an average of 21 days of the referral of the case to the investigator.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
14 days	18 days	23.9 days	13.6 days
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
14 days	14 days	14 days	14 days

D. 90% of Proof of coverage notifications received electronically by FY 2001.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
100%	100%	100%	100%
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
100%	100%	100%	100%

Industrial Commission Compensation

- 2. Benefits Administration: Review all settlements and closing documents to assure workers receive the appropriate benefits.
 - A. 90% of lump sum settlements processed within 14 days of receipt.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
92.04%	92.05%	92.52%	88.01%
	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
92.00%	92.00%	92.00%	92.00%

B. 90% of summary of payments processed within an average of 60 days of receipt.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
92.48%	94.68%	90.69%	96.00%
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
96.00%	96.00%	97.00%	97.00%

- 3. Records Management: Maintain a record of all claims for workers' compensation benefits.
 - A. First Report of Injury Forms processed and data entered within an average of 5 days following receipt.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
1 day	2 days	3 days	1.85 days
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
2 days	2 days	2 days	2 days

B. 75% of First Report of Injury Forms received electronically by FY 2001.

	Actual Results				
1998	1999	2000	2001		
8.08%	9.99%	11.10%	56.00%		
	Projected	d Results			
2002	2003	2004	2005		
60.00%	70.00%	80.00%	90.00%		

Program Results and Effect:

The Compensation Division has continued to meet or exceed all performance Parameters, while significantly increasing its emphasis on customer outreach activities. These activities center around site visits to sureties and employers across the state. During these visits, staff members audit company compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements, provide training to company employees, and share innovative and efficient practices encountered during visits to other companies. Continued efforts to expand our acceptance of electronically submitted First Reports of Injury will result in a reduction in our manual data entry requirements. Employees formerly engaged solely in data entry are being trained to perform reviews of summaries of payments, enhancing the Commission's efficiency and production.

Description:

As a neutral party, the Rehabilitation Division supports medical recovery while facilitating an early return to employment as close as possible to the workers pre-injury status and wage. Rehabilitation consultants serve injured workers from ten field offices statewide. Referrals for services from this division come from many sources. However, the majority of referrals are received from employers or their insurance companies.

Major Functions and Targeted Performance Standard(s) for Each Function:

- 1. Provide early contact and prompt evaluation of the injured workers' needs.
 - A. Contact referrals, complete the initial evaluation, and determine eligibility within 20 days of receiving a referral.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
13 days	11 days	15 days	10.6 days
	Projected	d Results	,
2002	2003	2004	2005
10 days	10 days	10 days	10 days

B. Contact employer and complete an evaluation of the pre-injury job within 30 days of receiving a referral.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
13 days	15 days	17 days	13 days
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
12 days	12 days	11 days	10 days

- 2. Return the injured worker to employment at a wage as close to pre-injury as possible.
 - A. At least 60% of the workers rehabilitated returned to a position with the time-of-injury employer.

Actual Results					
1998	1999	2000	2001		
63%	62%	62%	57%		
	Projected	d Results			
2002	2003	2004	2005		
57%	58%	59%	60%		

B. Workers whose cases are closed as "rehabilitated" earn an average of at least 90% of their preinjury wage.

	Actual F	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
99%	98%	99%	87%
	Projected	Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
90%	95%	95%	95%

Program Results and Effect:

The Commission's Rehabilitation Division continues to be extremely effective in assisting injured workers in their return to employment. Last fiscal year's statistics show workers rehabilitated by the division retaining their pre-injury wage earning level. In addition to benefiting workers, this has a positive financial effect on employers in terms of reduced disability payments.

Industrial Commission Crime Victims

Description:

The Crime Victims Compensation Program was created to provide financial compensation to innocent victims who suffer injury or death as a direct result of criminal acts of others.

Major Functions and Targeted Performance Standard(s) for Each Function:

- 1. Determine eligibility of individuals seeking compensation.
 - A. Complete data entry of application for compensation and request needed reports from law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys' offices within an average of 10 days following the receipt of the application.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
10 days	3 days	4 days	7 days
	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
10 days	10 days	10 days	10 days

B. Reduce turn-around time on production of law enforcement reports to 45 days.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
50 days	24 days	62 days	57 days
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
45 days	45 days	45 days	45 days

C. Determine eligibility within an average of 30 days following the receipt of all required information.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
26 days	30 days	39 days	26 days
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
30 days	30 days	30 days	30 days

D. Determine eligibility within an average of 90 days following receipt of the application for compensation.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
90 days	72 days	82 days	73 days
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
90 days	90 days	90 days	90 days

E. Pay claimant's first bill within an average of 30 days after determination of eligibility.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
60 days	32 days	21 days	26 days
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
30 days	30 days	30days	30 days

F. Pay claimant's first bill within an average of 120 days from receipt of application for compensation.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
150 days	146 days	138 days	151 days
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
135 days	130 days	125 days	120 days

- 2. Determine eligibility of expenses and make appropriate payments.
 - A. Determine compensability of provider's bill within 30 days following submission of all required information.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
45 days	30 days	30 days	5 days
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
25 days	25 days	25 days	25 days

B. Review all bills to assure payments have been made from collateral sources prior to payment by the CVCP.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
100%	100%	100%	100%
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
100%	100%	100%	100%

Program Results and Effect:

During FY 2000, the Commission continues to process work flow of the Crime Victims Compensation Program (CVCP) below targeted processing goals. Although the number of applications for benefits received by the program remained consistent with FY 1999, there was a 20% increase in the number of eligibility decisions made in FY 2000. The CVCP is currently processing Requests for Payments within 21 days of eligibility decision (34% improvement over FY 1999) and within 3 days of the receipt of the required documentation (90% improvement over FY 1999).

Industrial Commission Adjudication

Description:

The Adjudication Division, including the Commissioners, Referees, and Mediators, ensures the timely processing and resolution of controverted workers' compensation claims and medical fee disputes; provides judicial review of appeals from the Idaho Department of Labor; and hears appeals from determinations made by the Crime Victims Compensation Program.

Major Functions and Targeted Performance Standard(s) for Each Function:

- 1. Provide prompt and fair adjudication of workers' compensation disputes.
 - A. Hearings should be held within 120 days following receipt of the request for calendaring.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
137 days	130 days	117 days	111 days
	Projecte	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
120 days	120 days	120 days	120 days

B. Decisions should be issued within 90 days following the date the case is under advisement.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
130 days	153 days	66 days	45 days
	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
90 days	90 days	90 days	60 days

- 2. Provide an alternative method of resolving disputes through the use of mediation.
 - A. Mediations should be scheduled within 30 days following the request for mediation.

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
22 days	13 days	16 days	25 days
	Projected	d Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
30 days	30 days	30 days	30 days

B. 80% of mediated cases should be resolved successfully.

	Actual I	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
80%	86%	77%	86%
	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
80%	80%	80%	80%

- Provide prompt and fair appellate review of lower level cases on appeal from the Department of Labor unemployment insurance.
 - A. 50% of decisions should be issued within 45 days following receipt of the appeal. (Figure based on State Fiscal Year rather than Federal Fiscal Year.)

	Actual	Results	
1998	1999	2000	2001
52%	52.6%	93%	93.4%
	Projected	l Results	
2002	2003	2004	2005
80%	80%	80%	80%

B. 80% of decisions should be issued with	nin 75 days following receipt of the appeal.
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Actual Results				
1998	1999	2000	2001	
77%	62.1%	99.4%	99.8%	
	Projected	d Results		
2002	2003	2004	2005	
90%	90%	90%	90%	

C. 95% of decisions issued within 150 days following receipt of appeal.

Actual Results				
1998	1999	2000	2001	
not tracked	67.6%	99.6%	100%	
	Projected	d Results		
2002	2003	2004	2005	
98%	98%	98%	98%	

D. Decisions issued within an average of 45 days from receipt of appeal.

Actual Results					
1998	1999	2000	2001		
not tracked	143	35	34		
	Projecte	d Results			
2002	2003	2004	2005		
45	45	45	45		

Program Results and Effect:

The Adjudication Division continues to focus its efforts on the timely resolution of disputes. Procedures implemented by the Commission have resulted in substantial increase in performance since FY 1999. In FY 2001, the average time required to issue a decision in workers' compensation claims was 34 days, a significant improvement from the 143 days it required in FY 1999. The time required to issue a decision in unemployment insurance appeals was an average of 45 days, which compares favorable to the 153 days required in FY 1999. The Commission continues to exceed federal time standards for the time required to process upper level appeals and Idaho is now ranked among the leaders nationally. In addition, the mediation program continues to be successful in resolving disputes without the need for a formal hearing. Mediations are scheduled and held in a timely fashion (an average of 25 days from the initial request for mediation) and have an 86% success rate.

The first of the two new performance standards for unemployment insurance appeals reflects the addition of a third Federal time standard for processing these cases, requiring state appellate bodies to process 95% of all cases within 150 days of the date the appeal is received. The second new performance standard provides a more accurate picture of the Commission's timeliness in resolving unemployment insurance appeals. It mirrors our timeliness performance standard for workers' compensation cases.